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MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSMAROZA 1988

Department of Biology

Room 56-423

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Tel.61 253-2637
CE OF THE PRESIDENT

March 1, 1988

Dr. Joshua Lederberg The Rockefeller University New York, New York 10021-6399

Dear Josh:

I cannot exclude the possibility that a crp or cya mutant would register negative for glucose fermentation, but since these mutants grow quite well on glucose I think it is unlikely. The mutants you called Lac $_3$  are more likely ptsI or ptsH mutants, defective in either enzyme I or HPr of the phosphotransferase system for sugars. These mutants grow slowly on glucose; they fail to phosphorylate the protein  $III^{GlC}$  which blocks the uptake of lactose and maltose by their respective permeases. In addition, the lack of  $III^{GlC}$ -phosphate appears to reduce the rate of cyclic AMP formation. You can find a good discussion of the effects of these mutations in the chapter by Postma on page 127 of the first volume of the  $E.\ coli-\ S.\ typhimurium\ book$ .

With best regards,

Yours,

Boris Magasanik Jacques Monod Professor of Microbiology

BM:hhr